78B-6-501. Eminent domain -- Uses for which right may be exercised --



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- (1) As used in this section, "century farm" means real property that is:
 - (a) assessed under Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 5, Farmland Assessment Act; and
- (b) owned or held by the same family for a continuous period of 100 years or more.
- (2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4) and subject to the provisions of this part, the right of eminent domain may be exercised on behalf of the following public uses:
 - (a) all public uses authorized by the federal government;
- (b) public buildings and grounds for the use of the state, and all other public uses authorized by the Legislature;
- (c) (i) public buildings and grounds for the use of any county, city, town, or board of education;
- (ii) reservoirs, canals, aqueducts, flumes, ditches, or pipes for conducting water or sewage, including to or from a development, for the use of the inhabitants of any county, city, or town, or for the draining of any county, city, or town;
- (iii) the raising of the banks of streams, removing obstructions from streams, and widening, deepening, or straightening their channels;
 - (iv) bicycle paths and sidewalks adjacent to paved roads;
- (v) roads, byroads, streets, and alleys for public vehicular use, including for access to a development; and
 - (vi) all other public uses for the benefit of any county, city, or town, or its inhabitants;
- (d) wharves, docks, piers, chutes, booms, ferries, bridges, toll roads, byroads, plank and turnpike roads, roads for transportation by traction engines or road locomotives, roads for logging or lumbering purposes, and railroads and street railways for public transportation;
- (e) reservoirs, dams, watergates, canals, ditches, flumes, tunnels, aqueducts and pipes for the supplying of persons, mines, mills, smelters or other works for the reduction of ores, with water for domestic or other uses, or for irrigation purposes, or for the draining and reclaiming of lands, or for solar evaporation ponds and other facilities for the recovery of minerals in solution;
- (f) (i) roads, railroads, tramways, tunnels, ditches, flumes, pipes, and dumping places to access or facilitate the milling, smelting, or other reduction of ores, or the working of mines, quarries, coal mines, or mineral deposits including oil, gas, and minerals in solution;

57 (ii) outlets, natural or otherwise, for the deposit or conduct of tailings, refuse or water 58 from mills, smelters or other works for the reduction of ores, or from mines, quarries, coal 59 mines or mineral deposits including minerals in solution: 60 (iii) mill dams; 61 (iv) gas, oil or coal pipelines, tanks or reservoirs, including any subsurface stratum or 62 formation in any land for the underground storage of natural gas, and in connection with that, 63 any other interests in property which may be required to adequately examine, prepare, 64 maintain, and operate underground natural gas storage facilities; 65 (v) solar evaporation ponds and other facilities for the recovery of minerals in solution; 66 and 67 (vi) any occupancy in common by the owners or possessors of different mines, quarries, coal mines, mineral deposits, mills, smelters, or other places for the reduction of ores, 68 69 or any place for the flow, deposit or conduct of tailings or refuse matter; 70 (g) byroads leading from a highway to: 71 (i) a residence; or 72 (ii) a farm; 73 (h) telecommunications, electric light and electric power lines, sites for electric light 74 and power plants, or sites for the transmission of broadcast signals from a station licensed by 75 the Federal Communications Commission in accordance with 47 C.F.R. Part 73 and that 76 provides emergency broadcast services; 77 (i) sewage service for: 78 (i) a city, a town, or any settlement of not fewer than 10 families; 79 (ii) a public building belonging to the state; or 80 (iii) a college or university; 81 (j) canals, reservoirs, dams, ditches, flumes, aqueducts, and pipes for supplying and 82 storing water for the operation of machinery for the purpose of generating and transmitting 83 electricity for power, light or heat; 84 (k) cemeteries [and public parks]: [and] 85 (1) sites for mills, smelters or other works for the reduction of ores and necessary to 86 their successful operation, including the right to take lands for the discharge and natural 87 distribution of smoke, fumes, and dust, produced by the operation of works, provided that the

88	powers granted by this section may not be exercised in any county where the population
89	exceeds 20,000, or within one mile of the limits of any city or incorporated town nor unless the
90	proposed condemner has the right to operate by purchase, option to purchase or easement, at
91	least 75% in value of land acreage owned by persons or corporations situated within a radius of
92	four miles from the mill, smelter or other works for the reduction of ores; nor beyond the limits
93	of the four-mile radius; nor as to lands covered by contracts, easements, or agreements existing
94	between the condemner and the owner of land within the limit and providing for the operation
95	of such mill, smelter, or other works for the reduction of ores; nor until an action shall have
96	been commenced to restrain the operation of such mill, smelter, or other works for the
97	reduction of ores[:]; and
98	(m) public parks as part of economic development projects where other contiguous real
99	property for commercial or industrial uses is being acquired under eminent domain at the same
100	time.
101	(3) The right of eminent domain may not be exercised on behalf of <u>any of</u> the
102	following uses:
103	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c)(iv), [trails, paths, or other ways] for a trail,
104	path, or other way for walking, hiking, bicycling, equestrian use, or other recreational [uses, or
105	whose] use, including if the primary purpose is [as] for a foot path, equestrian trail, bicycle
106	path, or walkway;
107	(b) a public park whose primary purpose is:
108	[(A)] (i) as a trail, path, or other way for walking, hiking, bicycling, or equestrian use;
109	or
110	[(B)] (ii) to connect other trails, paths, or other ways for walking, hiking, bicycling, or
111	equestrian use; [or]
112	[(ii)] (c) a public park established on real property that is:
113	[(A)] (i) a century farm; and

[(B)] (ii) located in a county of the first class[-]; or

Bird Production Area, except as follows:

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(d) a public park that does not meet the requirements of Subsection (2)(m).

(4) (a) The right of eminent domain may not be exercised within a migratory bird

production area created on or before December 31, 2020, under Title 23, Chapter 28, Migratory

boundaries of a migratory bird production area.

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119 (i) subject to Subsection (4)(b), an electric utility may condemn land within a migratory 120 bird production area located in a county of the first class only for the purpose of installing 121 buried power lines; 122 (ii) an electric utility may condemn land within a migratory bird production area in a 123 county other than a county of the first class to install: 124 (A) buried power lines; or 125 (B) a new overhead transmission line that is parallel to and abutting an existing overhead transmission line or collocated within an existing overhead transmission line right of 126 127 way; or (iii) the Department of Transportation may exercise eminent domain for the purpose of 128 129 the construction of the West Davis Highway. 130 (b) Before exercising the right of eminent domain under Subsection (4)(a)(i), the 131 electric utility shall demonstrate that: (i) the proposed condemnation would not have an unreasonable adverse effect on the 132 preservation, use, and enhancement of the migratory bird production area; and 133 134 (ii) there is no reasonable alternative to constructing the power line within the